



2020 CERTIFICATION

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

Town of Carrollton

Public Water System Name

0080002

List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community Public Water System (PWS) to develop and distribute a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the PWS, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to

rocedures when distributing the CCR.						
CCR DISTRIBUTION (Check all bo.	CCR DISTRIBUTION (Check all boxes that apply.)					
INDIRECT DELIVERY METHODS (Attach copy of publication, water bill or o	other)	DATE ISSUED				
Advertisement in local paper (Attach copy of advertisement) Conser	RVATIVE	6-17-21				
□ On water bills (Attach copy of bill)						
□ Email message (Email the message to the address below)						
Other						
DIRECT DELIVERY METHOD (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other		DATE ISSUED				
□ Distributed via U. S. Postal Mail						
□ Distributed via E-Mail as a URL (Provide Direct URL):						
□ Distributed via E-Mail as an attachment	buted via E-Mail as an attachment					
□ Distributed via E-Mail as text within the body of email message						
□ Published in local newspaper (attach copy of published CCR or proof of pu	ublication)					
osted in public places (attach list of locations)						
□ Posted online at the following address (Provide Direct URL):						
I hereby certify that the CCR has been distributed to the customers of this above and that I used distribution methods allowed by the SDWA. I further and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provide Water Supply.	certify that the information included to the PWS officials by the MS	ed in this CCR is true SDH, Bureau of Public				
Name Title	yor	6-28-21 Date				
`	SUBMISSION OPTIONS (Select one method ONLY)					
You must email, fax (not preferred), or mail a copy of the		ISDH.				
Mail: (U.S. Postal Service) Email: v	water.reports@msdh.ms.gov					

MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply

P.O. Box 1700 Jackson, MS 39215

Fax: (601) 576-7800

(NOT PREFERRED)

2021 MAY 26 AH & 27

Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Town of Carrollton PWS ID # 0080002 May 2021

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source consists of 3 wells that draw from the Middle Wilcox Aquifer.

A source water assessment has been completed for the water supply to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water to identify potential sources of contamination. The water supply for the Town of Carrollton received a lower susceptibility ranking to contamination.

We're pleased to report that our drinking water meets all federal and state requirements.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Galen Shumaker at 662-674-5353. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the 1st Tuesday of each month at Carrollton Town Hall at 6:00 pm.

The Town of Carrollton routinely monitors for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2020. As water travels over the land or underground, it can pick up substances or contaminants such as microbes, inorganic and organic chemicals, and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Treatment Technique (TT) - A treatment technique is a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Maximum Contaminant Level - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

				TEST RE	ESULTS			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measurement	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic Co	ntaminaı	nts						
8. Arsenic	N	2020	0.7	No Range	Ppb	n/a	50	Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards; runoff from glass and electronics production wastes
10. Barium	N	2020	0.0424	No Range	Ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	N	2020	5.4	No Range	Ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	1/1/17 to 12/31/19*	0.5	None	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride	N	2020	0.23	No Range	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	1/1/17 to 12/31/19*	2.0	None	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Disinfectants	& Disin	fectant B	y-Produc	ets				
Chlorine (as Cl2)	N	2020	1.40	0.08 to 1.60	ppm	4	4	Water additive used to control microbes
73. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2017*	2.49	No Range	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination

^{*} Most recent sample results available

Additional Information for Lead

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Please call our office if you have any questions.

Affidavit (Proof) of Publication



State of Mississippi, County of Carroll

Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Town of Currollton PWS ID # 0080002 May 2021

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source consists of 3 wells that draw from the Middle Wilcox Aquifer,

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				TEST RE	SULTS			
Contaminant	Violanon Y/N	Use Cullected	Corri Descript	Range Detects Expecting LUANA	Eini Memerancii	MCIG	MEL	Udely Source of Contamination
Inorganie Co	ntamina	nts						
A. Arse mc		2820	0.7	No Kange	Ppb	tila	50	Erosion of natural deposits; ranoff from orchards; ranoff from glass and electronics production wastes
10 Barium	N	2020	0.0424	No Range	Ppm	2	3	three large of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; crosses of natural deposits
13. Chromnun	N	2020	3,4	No Kange	Pph	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; crosion of natural deposits
14. Cupper	×	1/1/17 to 12/3 1/19*	0.5	None	ppm	13	AL-13	Conssion of household plumbing systems; crossion of natural deposits, leaching from wood preservatives.
16 Pluntite	下	3020	023	No Range	Balo squ	4		Erusion of initural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	17/17 to 12/11/19*	2.0	Nime	ррь	([0]-	AL:15	Corresion of household plumbing systems, crossion of matural deposits
Disinfectants	& Disir	fectant By	-Produc	ts				
Chlorine (as C(2)	N	2020	1.43	0.00 to 1.00	lilan	4		Water address; would be contain microbes
Total	Ñ	2017*	2.49	No Range	ppò	0	δÚ	By product of drinking water chlorination

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Before me, Karen W. Poe, a Notary Public of said state, county and city, personally appeared Marsha Alexander, clerk of The Carrollton Conservative, who upon oath stated that noticed shown at left hereto was published in said newspaper on the date(s) listed below.

Vol. 156 No. 24 Date: June 17, 2021

Marsha Alexander, Clerk The Carrollton Conservative

P.O. Box 151, Winona, MS 38967 (662) 283-1131

email: bookeeping@winonatimes.com or publisher@winonatimes.com

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this the 25th day of June, 2021.

Notary Public

ATE OF MISSISS **NOTARY PUBLIC** ID No. 96642 Commission Expires WKIN COU